



Indiana University Health

IU Health Physicians Orthopedics & Sports Medicine

BRIDGE-ENHANCED ANTERIOR CRUCIATE LIGAMENT (ACL) REPAIR (BEAR)

PHYSICAL THERAPY PROTOCOL

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Patient Name: _____

Date: _____

Procedure: Right/Left ACL BEAR Repair

Associated Procedure (circled if applicable): Meniscectomy/Meniscal Repair

___ Evaluate and Treat – no open chain or isokinetic exercises

___ Provide patient with home exercise program



Frequency: _____x/week x _____weeks

Weight Bearing Status:

- Partial Weight Bearing (up to 50% of body weight) x 4 to 6 weeks, brace locked in extension for weight bearing for 4 weeks.
- With clearance from PT and surgeon, patient may advance to WBAT with crutch wean at 4 to 6 weeks, only if the following criteria are met.
 - able to walk with normal gait pattern
 - no pain
 - no extensor lag
 - good quad control
- With clearance from PT and surgeon, patient may discontinue crutch when the following criteria are met.
 - normal gait pattern
 - ability to safely ascend/descend stairs without noteworthy pain or instability (reciprocal stair climbing)

Bracing Instructions:

ACL hinged knee brace (TROM or equivalent) for weight bearing activities.

- **Locked for ambulation** at 0 degrees for the first 4 weeks after surgery
- **Locked for sleep** at 0 degrees for first 6 weeks post op
- **May unlock for range of motion** (ROM) when seated or at physical therapy (per degrees below)
- Can advance to unlock brace for PWB ambulation at week 4 if the patient is comfortable doing so, and if they demonstrate appropriate quadricep control

Brace Range:

Timeframe	Degree Range
0 to 2 Weeks	0 - 30°
2 to 4 Weeks	0 - 60°
4 to 6 Weeks	0 - 90°
6 to 14 Weeks	Change to functional brace when Active Range of Motion (AROM) is 0 to ≥110°

Recommendations:

- No scar massage until 6 weeks post-op
- No Passive Range of Motion (PROM) in flexion
- Driving: No driving until patient is off all narcotics; for patient with RIGHT leg procedure – no driving for 2 weeks and able to achieve 60° of flexion
- Jobs with physical labor- restrictions per operating surgeon and in the following PT protocol
- The only modality for muscular stimulation to be used is E-Stim



BEAR® Rehabilitation Protocol

Bridge-Enhanced ACL Restoration, with the BEAR® Implant

Phase 0: Pre-Operative Recommendations

(Time frame: Prior to surgery and immediately after)

GOALS:

1. Educate the patient on post-operative exercises and need for compliance
2. Educate on ambulation with crutches and PWB
3. Educate on wound care

Phase 1: Patient Home Program & 1-2 week visit with PT as needed

(Time frame: Weeks 0 to 4)

The following should be taught pre-operatively and reviewed at the two-week post-op visit.

RECOMENDATIONS

Area	Instructions
Crutch Use	• PWB with crutches and brace locked (beginning the day of surgery, 50% maximum weight bearing until 4 to 6 weeks post operatively)
Bracing	• Hinged Knee Brace: Lock at 0 - 30 degrees for 0 to 2 weeks; lock at 60 degrees for 2 to 4 weeks, do not flex the knee past the specified degrees • Locked at 0 degrees for ambulation and unlocked (set 0 - 30° or 0 - 60°) while seated for ROM exercises
Exercises	• Patellar mobilizations (begin within the first 2 weeks of surgery) • Begin the following exercises 2 weeks from the date of surgery • Teach Extension and Flexion exercises (Extension with ankle propped up, seated chair knee flexion using AROM to bend knee). Patient to do 2x/day (See teaching sheet) • Double toe and heel raise 10x two times per day (See teaching sheet) • Teach quad set/quad isometric contraction at 2-week post-op visit (See teaching sheet)
Cryotherapy	• Cold with compression/elevation (e.g., Cryo-cuff, Don Joy Iceman device or equivalent) • First 24 hours or until acute inflammation is controlled: every hour for 15 minutes • After acute inflammation is controlled: 3 times a day for 15 minutes • Do not sleep with automated device running while on the knee • Keep a layer of fabric, or ace wrap between skin and icing device at all times



Phase 2: Early Post-Operative Physical Therapy Phase

(Time frame: Weeks 4 to 7)

GOALS:

1. Full knee extension
2. Good quadriceps isometric contraction
3. Minimize pain and swelling

RECOMENDATIONS

Area	Instructions
Crutch Use	• PWB with crutches (beginning the day of surgery, 50% maximum weight bearing until 4 to 6 weeks post-operatively) • With clearance from PT and surgeon, may advance to WBAT with crutch wean at 4 to 6 weeks only if meeting the following criteria: able to walk normally gait pattern, no pain, no extensor lag, and good quad control.
Bracing	• Hinged Knee Brace: Lock at 0 - 90 degrees for weeks 5 and 6; unlocked if good quad control has returned. Do not flex the knee past the specified degree
Range of Motion (starting in week 5)	• Extension: Low load, long duration (~5 minutes) stretching (e.g., heel prop, prone hang minimizing co-contraction and nociceptor response) • Gentle patellar mobilization (medial/lateral mobilization initially followed by superior/inferior direction while monitoring reaction to effusion and ROM) • No Passive Range of Motion
Muscle Activation/Strength (starting 4 weeks after surgery)	• Quadriceps sets emphasizing vastus lateralis and vastus medialis activation • Straight Leg Raise (SLR) emphasizing no lag • Electric Stimulation: Optional if unable to perform no lag SLR; Discontinue use when able to perform 20 no lag SLR • Ankle pumps with TheraBand • Heel raises (calf press) • Start reciprocal stair training at 4 to 6 weeks in preparation for crutch D/C

★	Criteria for progression to Phase 3
	6 weeks out from surgery



Phase 3: Early Post-Operative Phase

(Time frame: Weeks 7 to 12)

GOALS

1. Minimize pain and swelling
2. Full knee extension ROM
3. Good quadriceps control (≥ 20 no lag SLR)
4. Normal gait pattern

RECOMENDATIONS

Area	Instructions
Crutch Use	• WBAT; can continue crutch wean as appropriate • Crutch D/C Criteria = Normal gait pattern; Ability to safely ascend/descend stairs without noteworthy pain or instability (reciprocal stair climbing)
Hinged Knee Brace: T-Scope or Functional ACL Brace	• 0 - 110 degrees at week 7. Okay to change to functional ACL brace when AROM in flexion is 110 degrees or higher • Should be in either a hinged knee brace or functional ACL brace for walking and any other weight bearing and closed chain activity (bike, elliptical, leg press, wall slides, mini squats, etc.)
Range of Motion	• Extension: Low load, long duration (~5 minutes) stretching (e.g., heel prop, prone hang minimizing co-contraction and nociceptor response) • Flexion: Wall slides, heel slides, seated active-assisted knee flexion (no passive ROM) • Bike: Rocking-for-range
Muscle Activities and Strengthening:	• Quadriceps sets emphasizing vastus lateralis and vastus medialis activation • SLR emphasizing no lag • Electric Stimulation: Optional if unable to perform no lag SLR Discontinue use when able to perform 20 no lag SLR • Double-leg wall slides or mini-squats without knee over foot • Hamstring sets: Hamstring curls - do not flex knee more than is comfortable for patient. • Side-lying hip adduction/abduction; Prone Hip Extension • Quadriceps/hamstring co-contraction supine • Ankle pumps with TheraBand • Heel raises (calf press) • Reciprocal stair training • Aqua jogging in pool okay starting at 8 weeks post op

★	Criteria for progression to Phase 4
	Minimum of 12 weeks from surgery
	20 no lag SLR
	Normal gait
	Crutch/Immobilizer D/C
	ROM: No greater than 5° active extension lag, 90° active flexion



Phase 4: Early Rehabilitation Phase

(Time frame: Weeks 12 to 20)

GOALS:

1. Full ROM
2. Improve muscle strength
3. Progress neuromuscular retraining

RECOMENDATIONS

Area	Instructions
Range of Motion	• Low load, long duration (assisted prn) • Heel slides/wall slides • Heel prop/prone hang (minimize co-contraction / nociceptor response) • Bike (rocking-for-range → riding with high seat height until comfortable and then bringing seat height down as ROM improves) • Flexibility stretching of all major muscle groups
Strengthening Quadriceps	• Quad sets (Mini squats/wall squats) • Step-ups • Leg press; Shuttle press without jumping action
Strengthening Hamstring	• Hamstring curls • Resistive back SLR with sports cord for hamstring (not quad)
Strengthening Other Musculature	• Hip adduction/abduction: side lying SLR or with equipment • Standing heel raises progress from double to single leg support • Seated calf press against resistance • Multi-hip machine in all directions with proximal pad placement • Swimming with flutter kicks only
Neuromuscular Training	• Wobble board, Rocker board, Single-leg stance with or without equipment (e.g., instrumented balance system), Slide board
Cardiopulmonary	• Bike, Elliptical trainer, Stairmaster, Flutter kicking in pool starting at week 12 • Transition to straight line running on treadmill or in a protected environment after clearance by operating surgeon (NO cutting or pivoting) can begin around 18 weeks (4.5 months) if PT feels patient is ready to progress. Otherwise, hold off on straight line running until Phase 5

★	Criteria for progression to Phase 5
	Full ROM
	Minimal effusion and pain
	Functional strength and control in daily activities
	Clearance for running, given by operating surgeon
	Minimum 20 weeks out from date of surgery



Phase 5: Strengthening & Control Phase

(Time frame: Weeks 20 to 30)

GOALS

1. Maintain full ROM
2. Running without pain or swelling
3. Hopping without pain, swelling, or giving way

RECOMENDATIONS

Area	Instructions
Strengthening	• Squats • Leg press • Hamstring curl • Step-ups/down • Shuttle • Sports cord • Wall squats • Progress to single leg squats
Agility Drills	• Double leg jumping progressing to hopping as tolerated
Neuromuscular Training	• Wobble board/rocker board/roller board • Perturbation training, Instrumented testing systems, Varied surfaces
Cardiopulmonary	• Straight line running on treadmill or in protected environment after clearance by operating surgeon • NO cutting or pivoting • All other cardiopulmonary equipment

★	Criteria for progression to Phase 6
	Running without pain or swelling
	Neuromuscular and strength training exercises without difficulty
	Able to hold single leg balance for 10 seconds
	50% hop height on operated leg (hop test in brace)
	Completion of functional hop testing and clearance by operating surgeon
	Minimum of 30 weeks out from date of surgery



Phase 6: Advanced Training Phase

(Time frame: Weeks 30 to 36)

GOALS

1. Running patterns (Figure-8, pivot drills, etc.) at 75% speed without difficulty
2. Jumping without difficulty
3. Hop tests at 75% contralateral values (Cincinnati hop tests: single-leg hop for distance, triple-hop for distance, crossover hop for distance, 6-meter timed hop)

RECOMENDATIONS

Area	Instructions
Strengthening	• Squats • Lunges • Plyometrics
Agility Drills	• Shuffling • Hopping • Carioca • Vertical jumps • Running patterns at 50 to 75% speed • Initial sports specific drill patterns at 50 to 75% effort
Neuromuscular Training	• Wobble board/rocker board/roller board • Perturbation training, Instrumented testing systems, Varied surfaces
Cardiopulmonary	• Running • Other cardiopulmonary exercises

★	Criteria for progression to Phase 7
	Maximum vertical jump without pain or instability
	85% of contralateral on hop tests
	Run at 85% speed without difficulty
	IKDC Question # 10 (Global Rating of Knee Function) score of ≥ 8 (<i>Suggested Criteria, See page 10</i>)
	Completion of functional hop testing showing 85% function and clearance by operating surgeon



Phase 7: Return-to-Sport Phase

(Time frame: Weeks 36 to 52)

GOALS

1. 85% contralateral strength
2. 85% contralateral on hop tests
3. Sport specific training without pain, swelling or difficulty

RECOMENDATION

Area	Instructions
Strengthening	• Squats • Lunges • Plyometrics
Sports Specific Activities	• Interval training programs • Running patterns in football • Sprinting • Change of direction • Pivot and drive-in basketball • Kicking in soccer • Spiking in volleyball • Skill / biomechanical analysis with coaches and sports medicine team
Return-To-Sports Evaluation Recommendations	• Balance test – single leg balance for 30 seconds without touchdown for each leg • Single leg squat – get to 60 degrees of flexion, able to do without IR at the hip or valgus at the knee • Hop tests (single leg hop for distance) to be 95% of contralateral side

★	Return-to-Sports Criteria
	No functional complaints
	Confidence when running, cutting, jumping at full speed
	95% contralateral values on hop tests
	IKDC Question # 10 (Global Rating of Knee Function) of ≥ 9 (<i>Suggested Criteria, See page 10</i>)
	Clearance by operating surgeon



CURRENT FUNCTION OF YOUR KNEE: DAILY ACTIVITIES

IKDC QUESTION #10

How would you rate the function of your knee on a scale of 0 to 10, with 10 being excellent function and 0 being the inability to perform any of your usual daily activities which may include sports?

Cannot perform

No limitation

0
☐

1
☐

2
☐

3
☐

4
☐

5
☐

6
☐

7
☐

8
☐

9
☐

10
☐

Tests include: *Patient should bring ACL functional brace for this testing.

1. Dynamometer strength testing of hamstring and quadriceps
2. KT testing for AP laxity
3. Single, triple, crossover, and timed hop tests

By signing this referral, I certify that I have examined this patient and physical therapy is medically necessary. This patient ___ would ___ would not benefit from social services.

Date: _____

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